

substitution, or when merchandise is inferior or not up to sample. When goods are delivered as bought, however, they should not be returned to the seller. If merchandise is to be returned because of substitution or error of any kind, notice should be given by the purchaser within ten days after the receipt of the goods that return is intended.

"Ample time should, of course, be allowed for explanation or proffered adjustment. Salesmen should make definite sales only. In their

travels, furthermore, they can be of particular assistance by enlisting the coöperation of their customers for careful selection and purchase of merchandise so that returns will be unnecessary. Whole-hearted compliance with this request in the spirit of husbanding our resources and eliminating waste of transportation, materials and labor will be a substantial contribution by the merchants and manufacturers of the country to our general welfare and the success of the war program."

OBITUARY.

FREDERICK E. NIECE.

Frederick E. Niece, Superintendent of the Claremont Laboratories, New York City, died October 26 at his home in Queens Village, Long Island. Mr. Niece contracted influenza while experimenting to obtain a preventative serum for this disease. He was also preparing a lecture on the subject, to be delivered at the Cooper Union some time during this month. Mr. Niece was 43 years old, a native of Scranton, Pa., and held degrees from Cooper Union and the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy. He was a frequent contributor to various Sections of the American Pharmaceutical Association. He joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1903.

THOMAS LATHAM.

Thomas Latham, a prominent pharmacist of New York City, died September 24. Mr. Latham had been in poor health for several years, on which account he sold his drug store at Third Ave. and Seventy-fifth Street some time ago. Mr. Latham had established this store about thirty years ago, and previous to that time had been connected with Eimer and Amend. Mr. Latham was active in pharmaceutical organizations and was one of the founders of the Manhattan Association and also an officer. He was President during two years of the New York County Pharmaceutical Association, and an active member of the American Pharmaceutical Association, which he joined in 1900. The deceased is survived by a sister.

JESSE D. HODGES.

Jesse D. Hodges, of Little Rock, Arkansas, and President of the Arkansas Association of Pharmacists, died October 15, of influenza. Mr. Hodges joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1915.

GEORGE P. HEMM.

George P. Hemm, oldest son of Professor and Mrs. Francis Hemm, of St. Louis, died at his home in Hayes, Kansas, October 11. Dr. Hemm was a graduate of the St. Louis College of Pharmacy and of the St. Louis University Medical School.

ALBERT HENRY HEIDBREDER.

Albert Henry Heidbreder, of Quincy, Illinois, a graduate of the University of Illinois School of Pharmacy, Class of 1899, and a member of the firm of Heidbreder Bros. & Co., who operate several drug stores in Quincy, died at his home recently. He leaves a widow and a young son. He joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1905.

W. B. D.

CARL WILLIAM LUTZ.

Carl William Lutz, a prominent business man of Ottawa, Ill., died October 20, 1918, of pneumonia after a brief illness. Mr. Lutz was born in Ottawa June 10, 1887, and educated in the public school and high school of his native city. In 1910 he graduated from the University of Illinois School of Pharmacy, and after spending one year in drug stores in Chicago he entered upon his course in medicine at the College of Medicine of the University of Illinois, from which he was graduated in 1915. Though licensed to practice medicine, he was called to pharmacy again by the death of his father, C. J. Lutz, in July 1915, and since that date he successfully managed the drug store that he inherited from his father in Ottawa. In 1917 Mr. Lutz was appointed a member of the Board of Pharmacy examiners by Governor Lowden and served up to the time of his demise. In 1915 he married Miss I. M. Berg, of Chicago, to whom one child was born, Carl Frederick, now three

months old. Mr. Lutz joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1917 and was in attendance at the Chicago meeting. He

was very highly esteemed and was regarded as one of the successful business men of his community. W. B. D.

SOCIETIES AND COLLEGES.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON THE PHARMACEUTICAL SYLLABUS.

BULLETIN XX.

BULLETIN XIX.

To the Members of the National Committee on the Pharmaceutical Syllabus:

I hand you herewith the financial statement of the Committee:

Receipts.

1917.	
Oct. 4	T. J. Bradley, retiring Treasurer..... \$23.95
Oct. 25	American Pharmaceutical Association..... 25.00
Oct. 29	American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties 25.00
Nov. 5	National Assn. Boards of Pharmacy..... 25.00
	Sale of 3 copies of the Syllabus..... 3.85
	<hr/>
	\$102.80

Disbursements.

1917.	
Oct. 12	Freight from Boston and cartage..... \$ 2.80
Oct. 12	Typewriting for Bulletins XIII-XIV-XV..... 3.00
Oct. 29	Spatula Publishing Co., supplies..... 12.75
Nov. 2	100 3c. postage stamps.... 3.00
Dec. 7	T. J. Bradley, miscellaneous expense..... 9.00
	<hr/>
	\$30.55
1918.	
Aug. 6	Cash on hand..... 72.25
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	\$102.80

There are now in the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer about one hundred and ten copies of the Syllabus.

Respectfully,
CLYDE M. SNOW,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Examined and found correct, August 14, 1918.

GEO. C. DIEKMAN,
Auditing Committee.

CHICAGO, ILL.,
Aug. 6, 1918.

Minutes of the meeting of the Committee held at the Congress Hotel, Chicago, Illinois, August 14, 1918, Chairman T. J. Bradley presiding.

Present: Messrs. W. C. Anderson, T. J. Bradley, John Culley, G. C. Diekman, E. G. Eberle, W. G. Gregory, J. A. Koch, W. H. Rudder, H. H. Rusby, C. M. Snow.

The Chairman presented his report in which he discussed the following matters of interest to the Committee:

Revision of the introductory matter of the Syllabus.

Make the Syllabus a true syllabus and in no way a compend.

Definitions in the Syllabus.

Lists of text and reference books in the Syllabus.

Might a chapter on "Model Questions" in the Syllabus be of value to members of boards of pharmacy?

Should large and small type be used in the Syllabus to indicate required and elective parts of subjects?

Shall the definition of the word "pharmacology" be changed to conform to medical usage?

Moved by H. H. Rusby, seconded by J. A. Koch, that the sub-Committee reports on revision be sent to the Chairman who will submit them by mail to the several members. Carried.

Moved by W. G. Gregory, seconded by W. C. Anderson, that the introductory chapters of the Syllabus be revised by the Chairman. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Koch, seconded by John Culley, that a list of pharmaceutical terms with definitions be included in the Syllabus as a glossary. Carried.

Moved by W. G. Gregory, seconded by W. H. Rudder, that the Secretary make a list of terms to be defined and submit such list to all members of the Committee for suggestions and revision. Carried.

Moved by J. A. Koch, seconded by W. G. Gregory, that lists of text and reference books be eliminated from the Syllabus. Carried.